Homework 7

1) The coefficient of friction between a body of mass 4 kg and a plane surface is 0.2. The plane surface is inclined at an angle to the horizontal so that the body is on the point of slipping down the plane. With the plane still inclined at this angle, a force is now applied to the body, acting up the line of greatest slope of the plane. Given that the body is then on the point of moving up the plane, calculate the magnitude of this applied force.

The diagram below shows a slide in a playground. The section AB of the chute has length L metres and is inclined at an angle of 45° to the horizontal, whereas section BC is horizontal and has length $\frac{1}{2}L$ metres.



Starting from rest, Jill slides down the chute from A to C. Over both sections of the chute a frictional force acts on Jill where the coefficient of friction between her and the chute is $\frac{1}{2}$.

(a) Find the speed of Jill at the point B.

2)

(b) Assuming that there is no change of speed as Jill moves from the sloping part of the slide to its horizontal part, show that her speed at C is given by

$$\frac{gL(\sqrt{2}-1)}{2}$$
 m s⁻¹,

where $g \,\mathrm{m \, s^{-2}}$ is the magnitude of the acceleration due to gravity,

6

4

- 3) A cargo boat leaves the harbour at 11am and travels due north at a speed of U kilometres per hour. At the same time a ferry is 10 kilometres east of the harbour and is travelling at $2\sqrt{2}U$ kilometres per hour on a bearing of 315° .
- a) Taking the harbour as the origin find the position of the ferry boat relative to the cargo boat in terms of t, where t is the time in hours.

(4)

b) Show that the minimum distance between the ferry and the cargo boat is $2\sqrt{5}$ kilometres.

(5)

4)

Express $y = \frac{4x-3}{x(x^2+3)}$, $x \neq 0$, in partial fractions.

4