Homework 13

A satellite moves in a circular orbit around a planet in the plane of the planet's equator and at a height of 600 kilometres above the surface of the planet. The magnitude of the acceleration due to gravity at the surface of the planet is 11.2 m s^{-2} and the radius of the planet is 8600 kilometres.

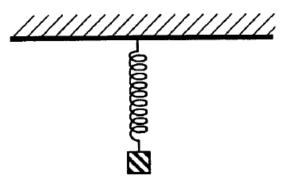
Find the time taken by the satellite to complete one orbit.

4

2)

1)

Large springs for shock absorbers are tested at a research laboratory. A body of mass 50kg is suspended from a test spring of natural length 0.80 metres, which has the other end attached to a fixed horizontal surface.



- (a) Given that, when in equilibrium, the body extends the spring by 0.14 metres, find the modulus of elasticity of the spring.
- (b) The body is now pulled 0.20 metres vertically down from its equilibrium position and then released from rest. Take y metres as the vertical displacement of the body from its equilibrium position, t seconds after release. Show that, when all resistive forces are ignored,

$$\ddot{y} = -70y$$
 3

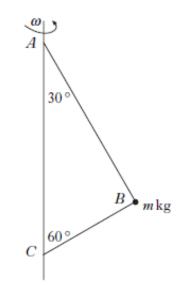
(c) On release what is the speed of the object when it has travelled

0.15 metres from its starting position.

3

2

A bead of mass *m* kilograms is attached to a vertical rotating column by two strings, as shown below. String *AB* is elastic, with natural length *L* metres and modulus of elasticity 2mg newtons. The string is attached to the column at *A* and to the bead at *B*. String *BC* is inextensible and has length *L* metres. The vertical column is rotating at ω rad s⁻¹, such that the strings *AB* and *BC* are taut and remain in a vertical plane. Angles *ACB* and *BAC* are 60° and 30° respectively.



(a) Show that the tension in the string AB is 2(√3 - 1) mg newtons.
(b) Find, in terms of m and g, an expression for the tension in the string BC.
(c) Given that L = 1, calculate ω.
4

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4x}{4x^2 + 1}$$

Given that when x = 0, y = 0 solve the differential equation and show that

$$x = \frac{\sqrt{e^{2y} - 1}}{2}$$

3)