

## **Even MORE Polynomials**

1. Find  $k$  if  $(x + 3)$  is a factor of  $x^3 - 3x^2 + kx + 6$
2. Find  $p$  if  $x^4 + 4x^3 + px^2 + 4x + 1$  has  $(x + 1)$  as a factor. Hence factorize fully.
3. If  $(x + 3)$  and  $(x - 1)$  are factors of  $f(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 - 7x^2 + ax + b$ , find  $a$  and  $b$  and hence factorize fully.
4. If  $(x + 2)$  is a factor of  $x^3 + kx^2 - x - 2$ , find  $k$  and hence factorize fully.
5. If  $x = 3$  is a root of the equation  $x^3 - 37x + k = 0$ , find  $k$  and hence find all the other roots.
6. Given that  $(x - 2)$  is a factor of  $f(x) = 2x^3 + kx^2 + 7x + 6$ , find  $k$ . Hence solve the equation  $f(x) = 0$  with this value of  $k$ .
7. Find  $k$  if  $2x^3 + x^2 + kx - 8$  is divisible by  $(x + 2)$ .
8. Find  $k$  if  $x^3 + kx^2 - 6x + 8$  has a factor  $(x - 4)$ . Hence factorize the expression fully.